

10 Dec 2007 (original)
26-June 2012 (minor clarifications)

RINEX: The Receiver Independent Exchange Format Version 2.11

Werner Gurtner
Astronomical Institute
University of Berne

Lou Estey
UNAVCO
Boulder, Co.

IGS/RTCM RINEX Working Group

Contents:

- 0. Revision History
 - 0.1 Revision Summary
 - 0.2 First Revision
 - 0.3 Later Revisions
 - 0.4 Version 2.10 Modifications
 - 0.5 Version 2.10 Revisions
 - 0.6 Version 2.11 Modifications
 - 0.7 Version 2.11 Minor corrections
- 1. THE PHILOSOPHY OF RINEX
- 2. GENERAL FORMAT DESCRIPTION
- 3. DEFINITION OF THE OBSERVABLES
- 4. THE EXCHANGE OF RINEX FILES:
- 5. RINEX VERSION 2 FEATURES
 - 5.1 Satellite Numbers:
 - 5.2 Order of the Header Records:
 - 5.3 Missing Items, Duration of the Validity of Values
 - 5.4 Event Flag Records
 - 5.5 Receiver Clock Offset
- 6. ADDITIONAL HINTS AND TIPS
 - 6.1 Version 1 / Version 2
 - 6.2 Leading Blanks in CHARACTER fields
 - 6.3 Variable-length Records
 - 6.4 Blank Fields
 - 6.5 2-Digit Years
 - 6.6 Fit Interval
 - 6.7 Satellite Health
 - 6.8 Transmission Time of Message (Navigation message file)
 - 6.9 Unknown / Undefined Observation Types and Header Records
- 7. RINEX UNDER ANTISPOOFING (AS)
- 8. GLONASS Extensions
 - 8.1 RINEX Observation File
 - 8.1.1 Time System Identifier
 - 8.1.2 Pseudorange Definition
 - 8.1.3 More Than 12 Satellites per Epoch
 - 8.2 RINEX Navigation Files for GLONASS
- 9. RINEX Extensions for Geostationary Satellites (GPS Signal Payloads)
 - 9.1 RINEX Observation Files for GEO Satellites

9.2 RINEX Navigation Message Files for GEO Satellites

10. Version 2.11 Modifications

10.1 Galileo and New GPS Observables

10.1.1 New Observation Codes

10.1.2 Wavelength Factors

10.2 Clarifications in the GEO Navigation Message File

10.3 New observables for RINEX met files

REFERENCES

APPENDIX: RINEX VERSION 2.11 FORMAT DEFINITIONS AND EXAMPLES

A 1 GPS OBSERVATION DATA FILE - HEADER SECTION DESCRIPTION
 A 2 GPS OBSERVATION DATA FILE - DATA RECORD DESCRIPTION
 A 3 GPS NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - HEADER SECTION DESCRIPTION
 A 4 GPS NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - DATA RECORD DESCRIPTION
 A 5 METEOROLOGICAL DATA FILE - HEADER SECTION DESCRIPTION
 A 5 METEOROLOGICAL DATA FILE - DATA RECORD DESCRIPTION
 A 7 MIXED OBSERVATION DATA FILE - EXAMPLE
 A 8 GPS NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - EXAMPLE
 A 9 METEOROLOGICAL DATA FILE - EXAMPLE
 A10 GLONASS NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - HEADER SECTION DESCRIPTION
 A11 GLONASS NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - DATA RECORD DESCRIPTION
 A12 GLONASS NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - EXAMPLE
 A13 GLONASS OBSERVATION FILE - EXAMPLE
 A14 MIXED GPS/GLONASS OBSERVATION FILE - EXAMPLE
 A15 GEOSTATIONARY NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - HEADER SECTION DESCRIPTION
 A16 GEOSTATIONARY NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - DATA RECORD DESCRIPTION
 A17 MIXED GPS/GEO OBSERVATION FILE - EXAMPLE
 A18 GEO NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - EXAMPLE

0. REVISION HISTORY

0.1 Revision Summary

First Revision, April 1993

Clarification December 1993

Doppler Definition: January 1994

PR Clarification: October 1994

Wlfact Clarification: February 1995

Event Time Frame Clarification: May 1996

Minor errors in the examples A7/A8: May 1996

Naming convention for compressed met files; January 1997

Continuation line clarifications: April 1997

GLONASS Extensions: April 1997

Met sensor description and position records: April 1997

Wavelength factor clarifications: April 1997

Error in example A12: CORR TO SYSTEM TIME, April 1997

Redefinition of sv clock params in GLONASS Nav Mess Files: March 1998

Naming conventions for compressed RINEX obs files: March 1998

GPS week: No roll-over, continuous number: March 1998

Error in compressed DOS file naming convention: July 1998

Table A13 contained blank satellite identifiers: Sept 1998

Discrepancy between Tables A5 and A9 removed: Sept 1998

Phase data format overflow: Clarification: Oct 1998

Message frame time Table A11: Clarification: Oct 1998

RINEX Version 2.10 Modifications: July 1999

Typo in paragraph 0.4 (epoch flag >1): Nov 1999

Clarification regarding trailing blanks: Dec 1999

Clarification regarding units of ZD,ZT, URA(GEO)

Clarification regarding time system identifier of GEO obs files

Clarification regarding time system identifier in TIME OF LAST record: Feb 2000

Addition of GEO examples: February 2000

Clarification of epoch field for event flag records: May 2000

Table A6: Tvpno in format definition of epoch: May 2000

Clarification of the GLONASS satellite identifier: June 2001
 Clarification of the floating point exponent format: January 2002
 RINEX Version 2.11 modifications: October 2004
 Some clarifications in the GEO D-UTC A0,A1,T,W,S,U record November 2005
 Wind, rain and hail observables in met files: December 2005
 Unknown/undefined observation types and header records: December 2005
 References to clock and SBAS RINEX files. Extended filenames: December 2005
 Header continuation lines have to include the respective header label
 Glonass frequency numbers -7 ... +13: December 2007
 Changed 2.10 to 2.11 in Appendix files and as specified in Revision 0.7 below: June 26,2012

0.2 First Revision

The first documentation of the RINEX Version 2 Format was published by W. Gurtner and G. Mader in the CSTG GPS Bulletin of September/October 1990. The main reason for a revision is the new treatment of antispoofing data by the RINEX format (see chapter 7). Chapter 4 gives a recommendation for data compression procedures, especially useful when large amounts of data are exchanged through computer networks. In Table A3 in the original paper the definition of the "PGM / RUN BY / DATE" navigation header record was missing, although the example showed it. The redefinition of AODE/AODC to IODE/IODC also asked for an update of the format description. For consistency reasons we also defined a Version 2 format for the Meteorological Data files (inclusion of a END OF HEADER record and an optional MARKER NUMBER record).

The slight modification (or rather the definition of a bit in the Loss of Lock Indicator unused so far) to flag AS data is so small a change that we decided to NOT increase the version number!

0.3 Later Revisions

* URA Clarification (10-Dec-93):

The user range accuracy in the Navigation Message File did not contain a definition of the units: There existed two ways of interpretation: Either the 4 bit value from the original message or the converted value in meters according to GPS ICD-200. In order to simplify the interpretation for the user of the RINEX files I propose the bits to be converted into meters prior to RINEX file creation.

* GLONASS Extensions:

In March 1997 a proposal for extensions to the current RINEX definitions based on experiences collected with GLONASS only and mixed GPS/GLONASS data files was circulated among several instrument manufacturers and software developers.

The results of the call for comments have been worked into this document. A separate document (glonass.txt) summarizes just the necessary extensions.

- * A blank satellite identifier is allowed in pure GPS files only
- * Met sensor description and position records were added to facilitate the precise use of met values.
- * Description and examples for wavelength factors and their temporary changes (bit 1 of LLI) clarified.
- * The RINEX documentation distributed in spring 1997 contained definitions for the GLONASS satellite clock offset and drift with the intention to have them defined identically to the GPS values. Unfortunately the GLONASS Interface Document consulted had a sign error in one of the formulae.

The values should be stored into the RINEX file as -TauN, +GammaN, -TauC. The original definition asked for -TauN, -GammaN, +TauC. See paragraph 8.2.

To avoid problems with files created with the original definitions a real

to avoid problems with files created with the original definitions a four valued version number (2.01) has been introduced for GLONASS nav mess files.

- * IGS decided to use the Hatanaka compression scheme for RINEX observation files. Below the corresponding RINEX file name conventions are included as recommendations. The DOS naming (extension .yyE) was wrongly set to .yyY in the March 1998 version of the document.
- * GPS week: The GPS week number in all RINEX files is a continuous number not affected by the 1024 roll-over, it runs from 1023 over 1024 to 1025 etc.
- * A discrepancy between the definition of the header line fields of met sensor description and position in Table A5 and the example in Table A9 was removed. The latter was correct.
- * Clarification for phase data format overflows: Add or subtract a suitable number of cycles, set LLI flag.
- * Clarification for the GLONASS satellite identifier: "Almanac number" was somewhat ambiguous. It has been replaced by "slot number" within the satellite constellation.

0.4 Version 2.10 Modifications

The modifications leading to Version 2.10 include:

- Fractional version number
- Zero padding of 2-digit year values (years 2000-2009 --> 00-09)
- Field length of time of first obs (1/10 microsecond resolution)
- Non-integer sampling rate (INTERVAL header record)
- Header records now allowed after all epoch flags >1
- Additional obs types in obs files: S1, S2 (raw signal strength values)
- Receiver clock offset header line to clarify applied corrections
- Default wavelength factor header line mandatory
- Inmarsat GPS payloads: New satellite system definition, new nav mess files
- Curve fit interval in GPS nav mess file
- Redefinition of SV health value in GPS nav mess file
- Additional obs types in met files (ZD, ZT)

0.5 Version 2.10 Revisions

- * "Header records now allowed after all epoch flags >2" in paragraph 0.4 should read ">1"
- * The original intention of the RINEX format was to allow for variable record lengths of the ASCII files to minimize the file size. Empty fields or unknown values can either be represented by zeroes or blank space. Most RINEX converters removed trailing blank to further reduce the file size. The documentation was not clear enough to explicitly allow for this practice (paragraphs 2, 5.3, 9.1).
- * The time system identifier of GPS observations generated by GEO payloads defaults to GPS (explicitly stated now in paragraph 9.1)
- * The time system identifier in the TIME OF LAST OBS header record has to be identical to the one in the TIME OF FIRST OBS record
- * Clarification of Table A2 to be compatible with examples of Table A7:
For event flags without significant epoch the epoch fields can be left blank.
Table A6: Format for epoch contained obvious errors
- * Clarification of the floating point exponent format in navigation message files (two digits, E,e,D,d letters)

0.6 Version 2.11

The modifications of 2.10 leading to Version 2.11 include

- Definition of the Galileo satellite system code
- Definition of the code for Galileo System Time (GAL)
- Definition of the frequency numbers for Galileo and new GPS observables
- Observation code for L2C pseudorange (C2)
- Some clarifications in the GEO NAV Message files
 - Transmission time of message
 - Health
 - URA
 - CORR TO SYSTEM TIME replaced by more general D-UTC A0,A1,T,W,S,U record
- Introduction of wind speed and direction, rain fall increment, hail indicator
- Recommendation regarding unknown/undefined observation types and header records
- Recommendations for extended filenames for high-rate observation files

0.7 Version 2.11 June 26,2012

Minor edits to the Version 2.11 release:

- Updated revision Summary
- Changed Table of Contents, Appendix reference to 2.11 from 2.10
- Updated Section 4 to reflect new links to Hatanaka compression information.
- Changed Section 6.7 Satellite Health (Version 2.10 to Version 2.11)
- Changed Section 9.
 - From: RINEX Version 2.10 defines the necessary extensions to handle such data in RINEX files for data exchange and postprocessing purposes.
 - To : The necessary extensions to handle data exchange and post-processing were originally defined in RINEX Version 2.10 and apply in 2.11 as well."
- Changed the Format label for GPS Navigation File in Table A3 from 2.10 to 2.11
- Changed the Format label for Meteo Data in Table A5 from 2.10 to 2.11
- Changed the Format label for the GPS Observation File - Example in Table A7 from 2.10 to 2.11
- Changed the Format label for the GPS Navigation File - Example in Table A8 from 2.10 to 2.11
- Changed the COMMENT for the GPS Navigation File - Example in Table A8 from 2.10 to 2.11
- Changed the Format label for the Meteo Data File - Example in Table A9 from 2.10 to 2.11
- Changed the Format label for GLONASS Navigation File in Table A10 from 2.10 to 2.11
- Changed the COMMENT for the GLONASS Navigation File - Example in Table A12 from 2.10 to 2.11
- Changed the Format label for the GLONASS Observation File - Example in Table A13 from 2.10 to 2.11
- Changed the Format label for the Mixed GPS/GLONASS Observation File - Example in Table A14 from 2.10 to 2.11
- Changed the Format label for the Mixed GPS/GEO Observation File - Example in Table A17 from 2.10 to 2.11

Clarifications:

- Continuation records in RINEX headers: They also have to include the respective header label in columns 61-80.
- The newer GLONASS satellites started using frequency numbers in the 0 to -7 range. Table A11 BROADCAST ORBIT - 2 was modified accordingly.

1. THE PHILOSOPHY OF RINEX

The first proposal for the "Receiver Independent Exchange Format" RINEX has been developed by the Astronomical Institute of the University of Berne for the easy exchange of the GPS data to be collected during the large European GPS campaign EUREF 89, which involved more than 60 GPS receivers of 4 different manufacturers. The governing aspect during the development was the following fact:

Most geodetic processing software for GPS data use a well-defined set of observables:

- the carrier-phase measurement at one or both carriers (actually being a measurement on the beat frequency between the received carrier of the satellite signal and a receiver-generated reference frequency).
- the pseudorange (code) measurement, equivalent to the difference of the time of reception (expressed in the time frame of the receiver) and the time of transmission (expressed in the time frame of the satellite) of a distinct satellite signal.
- the observation time being the reading of the receiver clock at the instant of validity of the carrier-phase and/or the code measurements.

Usually the software assumes that the observation time is valid for both the phase AND the code measurements, AND for all satellites observed.

Consequently all these programs do not need most of the information that is usually stored by the receivers: They need phase, code, and time in the above mentioned definitions, and some station-related information like station name, antenna height, etc.

2. GENERAL FORMAT DESCRIPTION

Currently the format consists of seven ASCII file types:

1. Observation Data File
2. Navigation Message File
3. Meteorological Data File
4. GLONASS Navigation Message File
5. GEO Navigation Message File
6. Satellite and Receiver Clock Data File
7. SBAS Broadcast Data File

The format definition of the clock files has been published in 1998 in a separate document by Jim Ray and Werner Gurtner, available at the IGS Central Bureau Information System:

ftp://igscb.jpl.nasa.gov/igscb/data/format/rinex_clock.txt

The format definition of the Space-based augmentation system (SBAS) broadcast data file has been published in 2004 by Norbert Suard, Werner Gurtner and Lou Estey, available at the IGS Central Bureau Information System:

ftp://igscb.jpl.nasa.gov/igscb/data/format/geo_sbas.txt

Each file type consists of a header section and a data section. The header section contains global information for the entire file and is placed at the beginning of the file. The header section contains header labels in columns 61-80 for each line contained in the header section. These labels are mandatory and must appear exactly as given in these descriptions and examples.

The format has been optimized for minimum space requirements independent from the number of different observation types of a specific receiver by indicating in the header the types of observations to be stored. In computer systems allowing variable record lengths the observation records may be kept as short as possible. Trailing blanks can be removed from the records. The maximum record length is 80 bytes per record.

Each Observation file and each Meteorological Data file basically contain the data from one site and one session. RINEX Version 2 also allows to include observation data from more than one site subsequently occupied by a roving receiver in rapid static or kinematic applications. Although Version 2 allows to insert header records into the data field we do not recommend to concatenate data of more than one receiver (or antenna) into the same file,

even if the data do not overlap in time.

If data from more than one receiver has to be exchanged it would not be economical to include the identical satellite messages collected by the different receivers several times. Therefore the Navigation Message File from one receiver may be exchanged or a composite Navigation Message File created containing non-redundant information from several receivers in order to make the most complete file.

The format of the data records of the RINEX Version 1 Navigation Message file is identical to the former NGS exchange format.

The actual format descriptions as well as examples are given in the Tables at the end of the paper.

3. DEFINITION OF THE OBSERVABLES

GPS observables include three fundamental quantities that need to be defined: Time, Phase, and Range.

TIME:

The time of the measurement is the receiver time of the received signals. It is identical for the phase and range measurements and is identical for all satellites observed at that epoch. It is expressed in GPS time (not Universal Time).

PSEUDO-RANGE:

The pseudo-range (PR) is the distance from the receiver antenna to the satellite antenna including receiver and satellite clock offsets (and other biases, such as atmospheric delays):

$$\text{PR} = \text{distance} + c * (\text{receiver clock offset} - \text{satellite clock offset} + \text{other biases})$$

so that the pseudo-range reflects the actual behavior of the receiver and satellite clocks. The pseudo-range is stored in units of meters.

See also clarifications for pseudoranges in mixed GPS/GLONASS files in chapter 8.1.

PHASE:

The phase is the carrier-phase measured in whole cycles. The half-cycles measured by squaring-type receivers must be converted to whole cycles and flagged by the wavelength factor in the header section (GPS only).

The phase changes in the same sense as the range (negative doppler). The phase observations between epochs must be connected by including the integer number of cycles. The phase observations will not contain any systematic drifts from intentional offsets of the reference oscillators.

The observables are not corrected for external effects like atmospheric refraction, satellite clock offsets, etc.

If the receiver or the converter software adjusts the measurements using the real-time-derived receiver clock offsets $dT(r)$, the consistency of the 3 quantities phase / pseudo-range / epoch must be maintained, i.e. the receiver clock correction should be applied to all 3 observables:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Time}(\text{corr}) &= \text{Time}(r) - dT(r) \\ \text{PR}(\text{corr}) &= \text{PR}(r) - dT(r)*c \\ \text{phase}(\text{corr}) &= \text{phase}(r) - dT(r)*\text{freq} \end{aligned}$$

File Types	All platforms uncompressed	UNIX	VMS compressed	DOS
Obs Files	.yyO	.yyO.Z	.yyO_Z	.yyY
Obs Files (Hatanaka compressed)	.yyD	.yyD.Z	.yyD_Z	.yyE
GPS Nav Files	.yyN	.yyN.Z	.yyN_Z	.yyX
GLONASS Nav File	.yyG	.yyG.Z	.yyG_Z	.yyV
Galileo Nav File	.yyL	.yyL.Z	.yyL_Z	.yyT
GEO Nav Files	.yyH	.yyH.Z	.yyH_Z	.yyU
GEO SBAS Broadcast Files (sep. doc.)	.yyB	.yyB.Z	.yyB_Z	.yyA
Met Data Files	.yyM	.yyM.Z	.yyM_Z	.yyW
Clock Files (see sep.doc.)	.yyC	.yyC.Z	.yyC_Z	.yyK

References for the Hatanaka compression scheme: See e.g.

- <http://terras.gsi.go.jp/ja/crx2rxn.html>
- Hatanaka, Y. (2008): A Compression Format and Tools for GNSS Observation Data, Bulletin of the Geographical Survey Institute, 55, 21-30, available at <http://www.gsi.go.jp/ENGLISH/Bulletin55.html>.
- IGSMails 1525,1686,1726,1763,1785,4967,4969,4975

5. RINEX VERSION 2 FEATURES

The following section contains features that have been introduced for RINEX Version 2:

5.1 Satellite Numbers:

Version 2 has been prepared to contain GLONASS or other satellite systems' observations. Therefore we have to be able to distinguish the satellites of the different systems: We precede the 2-digit satellite number with a system identifier.

```

snn          s:  satellite system identifier
                G or blank : GPS
                R           : GLONASS
                S           : Geostationary signal payload
                E           : Galileo

nn:          - PRN (GPS, Galileo), slot number (GLONASS)
                - PRN-100 (GEO)

```

Note: G is mandatory in mixed GPS/GLONASS/Galileo files

(blank default modified in April 1997)

5.2 Order of the Header Records:

As the record descriptors in columns 61-80 are mandatory, the programs reading a RINEX Version 2 header are able to decode the header records with formats according to the record descriptor, provided the records have been first read into an internal buffer.

We therefore propose to allow free ordering of the header records, with the following exceptions:

- The "RINEX VERSION / TYPE" record must be the first record in a file
- The default "WAVELENGTH FACT L1/2" record must precede all records defining wavelength factors for individual satellites
- The "# OF SATELLITES" record (if present) should be immediately followed

by the corresponding number of "PRN / # OF OBS" records. (These records may be handy for documentary purposes. However, since they may only be created after having read the whole raw data file we define them to be optional.

5.3 Missing Items, Duration of the Validity of Values

Items that are not known at the file creation time can be set to zero or blank or the respective record may be completely omitted. Consequently items of missing header records will be set to zero or blank by the program reading RINEX files. Trailing blanks may be truncated from the record.

Each value remains valid until changed by an additional header record.

5.4 Event Flag Records

The "number of satellites" also corresponds to the number of records of the same epoch followed. Therefore it may be used to skip the appropriate number of records if certain event flags are not to be evaluated in detail.

5.5 Receiver Clock Offset

A large number of users asked to optionally include a receiver-derived clock offset into the RINEX format. In order to remove uncertainties if the data (epoch, pseudorange, phase) have been previously corrected or not by the reported clock offset, RINEX Version 2.10 requests a clarifying (new) header record.

It would then be possible to reconstruct the original observations if necessary.

As the output format for the receiver-derived clock offset is limited to nanoseconds the offset should be rounded to the nearest nanosecond before it is used to correct the observables in order to guarantee correct reconstruction.

6. ADDITIONAL HINTS AND TIPS

6.1 Versions

Programs developed to read RINEX files have to verify the version number. Files of newer versions may look different even if they do not use any of the newer features

6.2 Leading Blanks in CHARACTER fields

We propose that routines to read RINEX Version 2 files automatically delete leading blanks in any CHARACTER input field. Routines creating RINEX Version 2 files should also left-justify all variables in the CHARACTER fields.

6.3 Variable-length Records

DOS, and other, files may have variable record lengths, so we recommend to first read each observation record into a 80-character blank string and decode the data afterwards. In variable length records, empty data fields at the end of a record may be missing, especially in the case of the optional receiver clock offset.

6.4 Blank Fields

... FROM ...

In view of future modifications we recommend to carefully skip any fields currently defined to be blank (Format fields nX), because they may be assigned to new contents in future versions.

6.5 2-Digit Years

RINEX version 2 stores the years of data records with two digits only. The header of observation files contains a TIME OF FIRST OBS record with the full four-digit year, the GPS nav messages contain the GPS week numbers. From these two data items the unambiguous year can easily be reconstructed.

A hundred-year ambiguity occurs in the met data and GLONASS and GEO nav messages: Instead of introducing a new TIME OF FIRST OBS header line it is safe to stipulate that any two-digit years in RINEX Version 1 and Version 2.xx files are understood to represent

- 80-99: 1980-1999
- 00-79: 2000-2079

Full 4-digit year fields could then be defined by a future RINEX version 3.

6.6 Fit Interval

Bit 17 in word 10 of subframe 2 is a "fit interval" flag which indicates the curve-fit interval used by the GPS Control Segment in determining the ephemeris parameters, as follows (see ICD-GPS-200, 20.3.3.4.3.1):

- 0 = 4 hours
- 1 = greater than 4 hours.

Together with the IODC values and Table 20-XII the actual fit interval can be determined. The second value in the last record of each message shall contain the fit interval in hours determined using IODC, fit flag, and Table 20-XII, according to the Interface Document ICD-GPS-200.

6.7 Satellite Health

The health of the signal components (bits 18 to 22 of word three in subframe one) are now (Version 2.11) included into the health value reported in the second field of the sixth nav mess records.

A program reading RINEX files could easily decide if bit 17 only or all bits (17-22) have been written:

- RINEX Value: 0 Health OK
- RINEX Value: 1 Health not OK (bits 18-22 not stored)
- RINEX Value: >32 Health not OK (bits 18-22 stored)

6.8 Transmission Time of Message (Navigation message file)

The transmission time of message can be shortly before midnight Saturday/Sunday, the TOE and TOC of the message already in the next week. As the reported week in the RINEX nav message (BROADCAST ORBIT - 5 record) goes with ToE (this is different from the GPS week in the original satellite message!), the transmission time of message should be reduced by 604800 (i.e., will become negative) to also refer to the same week.

6.9 Unknown / Undefined Observation Types and Header Records

It is a good practice for a program reading RINEX files to make sure that it does not crash if it encounters unknown observation types or header records

does not crash if it encounters unknown observation types or header records by properly skipping them and optionally reporting them to the user.

7. RINEX UNDER ANTISPOOFING (AS)

Some receivers generate code delay differences between the first and second frequency using cross-correlation techniques when AS is on and may recover the phase observations on L2 in full cycles. Using the C/A code delay on L1 and the observed difference it is possible to generate a code delay observation for the second frequency.

Other receivers recover P code observations by breaking down the Y code into P and W code.

Most of these observations may suffer from an increased noise level. In order to enable the postprocessing programs to take special actions, such AS-infected observations are flagged using bit number 2 of the Loss of Lock Indicators (i.e. their current values are increased by 4).

8. GLONASS Extensions

8.1 RINEX Observation File

8.1.1 Time System Identifier

The original RINEX Version 2 needed one major supplement, the explicit definition of the time system:

GLONASS is basically running on UTC (or, more precisely, GLONASS system time linked to UTC(SU)), i.e. the time tags are given in UTC and not GPS time. In order to remove possible misunderstandings and ambiguities, the header records "TIME OF FIRST OBS" and (if present) "TIME OF LAST OBS" in GLONASS and GPS observation files _can_, in mixed GLONASS/GPS observation files _must_ contain a time system identifier defining the system that all time tags in the file are referring to: "GPS" to identify GPS time, "GLO" to identify the GLONASS UTC time system. Pure GPS files default to GPS and pure GLONASS files default to GLO.

Format definitions see Table A1.

Hence, the two possible time tags differ by the current number of leap seconds.

In order to have the current number of leap seconds available we recommend to include a LEAP SECOND line into the RINEX header.

If there are known non-integer biases between the "GPS receiver clock" and "GLONASS receiver clock" in the same receiver, they should be applied. In this case the respective code and phase observations have to be corrected, too ($c * \text{bias}$ if expressed in meters).

Unknown such biases will have to be solved for during the post processing

The small differences (modulo 1 second) between GLONASS system time, UTC(SU), UTC(USNO) and GPS system time have to be dealt with during the post-processing and not before the RINEX conversion. It may also be necessary to solve for remaining differences during the post-processing.

8.1.2 Pseudorange Definition

The pseudorange (code) measurement is defined to be equivalent to the difference of the time of reception (expressed in the time frame of the receiver) and the time of transmission (expressed in the time frame of the satellite) of a distinct satellite signal.

If a mixed-mode GPS/GLONASS receiver refers all pseudorange observations to

one receiver clock only,

- the raw GLONASS pseudoranges will show the current number of leap seconds between GPS time and GLONASS time if the receiver clock is running in the GPS time frame
- the raw GPS pseudoranges will show the negative number of leap seconds between GPS time and GLONASS time if the receiver clock is running in the GLONASS time frame

In order to avoid misunderstandings and to keep the code observations within the format fields, the pseudoranges must be corrected in this case as follows:

PR(GPS) := PR(GPS) + c * leap_seconds if generated with a receiver clock running in the GLONASS time frame

PR(GLO) := PR(GLO) - c * leap_seconds if generated with a receiver clock running in the GPS time frame

to remove the contributions of the leap seconds from the pseudoranges.

"leap_seconds" is the actual number of leap seconds between GPS and GLONASS (UTC) time, as broadcast in the GPS almanac and distributed in Circular T of BIPM.

8.1.3 More Than 12 Satellites per Epoch

The format of the epoch / satellite line in the observation record part of the RINEX Observation files has only been defined for up to 12 satellites per epoch. We explicitly define now the format of the continuation lines, see Table A2.

8.2 RINEX Navigation Files for GLONASS

As the GLONASS navigation message differs in contents from the GPS message too much, a special GLONASS navigation message file format has been defined.

The header section and the first data record (epoch, satellite clock information) is similar to the GPS navigation file. The following records contain the satellite position, velocity and acceleration, the clock and frequency biases as well as auxiliary information as health, satellite frequency (channel), age of the information.

The corrections of the satellite time to UTC are as follows:

GPS : Tutc = Tsv - af0 - af1 *(Tsv-Toc) - ... - A0 - ... - leap_sec
 GLONASS: Tutc = Tsv + TauN - GammaN*(Tsv-Tb) + TauC

*** In order to use the same sign conventions for the GLONASS corrections as in the GPS navigation files, the broadcast GLONASS values are stored as:

-TauN, +GammaN, -TauC.

The time tags in the GLONASS navigation files are given in UTC (i.e. not Moscow time or GPS time).

File naming convention: See above.

9. RINEX Extensions for Geostationary Satellites (GPS Signal Payloads)

With the implementation of GNSS programs, GPS-like ranging measurements can be performed on geostationary navigation payloads.

The necessary extensions to handle data exchange and post-processing were originally defined in RINEX Version 2.10 and apply in 2.11 as well.

9.1 RINEX Observation Files for GEO Satellites

A new satellite system identifier has been defined for the geostationary GPS signal payloads: "S", to be used in the RINEX VERSION / TYPE header line and in the satellite identifier 'snn', nn being the GEO PRN number minus 100.

e.g.: PRN = 120 --> 'snn' = "S20"

In mixed dual frequency GPS satellite / single frequency GEO payload observation files the fields for the second frequency observations of GEO satellites remain blank, are set to zero values or (if last in the record) can be truncated.

The time system identifier of GEO satellites generating GPS signals defaults to GPS time.

9.2 RINEX Navigation Message Files for GEO Satellites

As the GEO broadcast orbit format differs from the GPS message a special GEO navigation message file format has been defined which is nearly identical with the GLONASS nav mess file format.

The header section contains informations about the generating program, comments, and the difference between the GEO system time and UTC.

The first data record contains the epoch and satellite clock information, the following records contain the satellite position, velocity and acceleration and auxiliary information such as health, age of the data, etc.

The time tags in the GEO navigation files are given in the GPS time frame, i.e. not UTC.

The corrections of the satellite time to UTC are as follows:

$$\text{GEO} \quad : \quad \text{Tutc} = \text{Tsv} - \text{aGf0} - \text{aGf1} * (\text{Tsv} - \text{Toe}) - \text{W0} - \text{leap_sec}$$

W0 being the correction to transform the GEO system time to UTC. Toe, aGf0, aGf1 see below in the format definition tables.

The "Transmission Time of Message" (PRN / EPOCH / SV CLK header record) is expressed in GPS seconds of the week. It marks the beginning of the message transmission. It has to refer to the same GPS week as the "Epoch of Ephemerides". It has to be adjusted by - or + 604800 seconds, if necessary (which would make it lower than zero or larger than 604800, respectively). It is a redefinition of the Version 2.10 "Message frame time".

"Health" shall be defined as follows:

- Bits 0 to 3 equal to Health in Message Type 17 (MT17)
- bit 4 is set to 1 if MT17 health is unavailable
- bit 5 is set to 1 if the URA index is equal to 15

In the SBAS message definitions bit 3 of the health is currently marked as 'reserved'.

In case of bit 4 set to 1, it is recommended to set bits 0,1,2,3 to 1, too.

"User Range Accuracy" (URA):

The same convention for converting the URA index to meters is used as with GPS. Set URA = 32767 meters if URA index = 15.

"IODN" (Issue Of Data Navigation)

The IODN is defined as the 8 first bits after the message type 9,

called IODN in RTCA DO229, Annex A and Annex B and called "spare" in Annex C.

The "CORR TO SYSTEM" TIME header record has been replaced by the more general record "D-UTC A0,A1,T,W,S,U" in Version 2.11.

10. Version 2.11 Modifications

The main driver for version 2.11 was the easy inclusion of Galileo and new GPS observables into the RINEX format. As these modifications are VERY MINOR (no changes in the actual formats) many RINEX readers will not have to be modified at all or to a small amount (accept version number 2.11), only.

After the first introduction of the "GEO navigation message file" in Version 2.10 feedback from the SBAS community lead to a number of clarifications/redefinitions that were included in the Version 2.11 modifications.

10.1 Galileo and New GPS Observables

10.1.1 New Observation Codes

In Version 2.10 only the observation codes for two frequencies were define (Table A1).

The new codes for GPS L2C/L5 and Galileo codes are introduced as follows:

System	Freq.Band	Frequency	RINEX 2-character Code			
			Ps.Range	Carr.Phase	Doppler	Sign.Strength
GPS	L1	1575.42	C1,P1	L1	D1	S1
	L2	1227.60	C2,P2	L2	D2	S2
	L5	1176.45	C5	L5	D5	S5
Glonass	G1	1602+k*9/16	C1,P1	L1	D1	S1
	G2	1246+k*7/16	C2,P2	L2	D2	S2
Galileo	E2-L1-E1	1575.42	C1	L1	D1	S1
	E5a	1176.45	C5	L5	D5	S5
	E5b	1207.140	C7	L7	D7	S7
	E5a+b	1191.795	C8	L8	D8	S8
	E6	1278.75	C6	L6	D6	S6
SBAS	L1	1575.42	C1	L1	D1	S1
	L5	1176.45	C5	L5	D5	S5

The current two-character observation code does not easily allow a further refinement of the code to account for the different possibilities how to generate a specific observable, e.g., with respect to the underlying code (P,Y,M code in GPS) or the channels (I,Q, A,B,C in Galileo, I,Q in the new GPS L5 frequency, GPS L2C). The next RINEX version (3.0) will increase the length of the observation codes to allow a more detailed definition.

The definition of observations for Transit Doppler is obsolete and has been removed from Version 2.11

10.1.2 Wavelength Factors

The WAVELENGTH FACT L1/2 header record defining the factor, the carrier wavelength has to be divided with for ambiguity resolution, has been introduced because of receivers generating GPS phase observations under antispoofing with one cycle corresponding to half the carrier wavelength only (squaring technique). Galileo observables will not be generated by squaring. We therefore define the WAVELENGTH FACT L1/2 header record to be valid for L1 and L2 GPS phase observables only. All wavelength factors default to 1. This header record can therefore be declared to be optional.

10.1.3 Code for Galileo Satellite System

Use "E" to indicate the Galileo Satellite System in the header of RINEX observation files.

10.1.4 Galileo System Time

Include GAL as Galileo System Time into TIME OF FIRST OBS and TIME OF LAST OBS header records.

10.2 Clarifications in the GEO Navigation Message File

The following clarifications/modifications were introduced (see chapter 9.2):

- Health word
- Issue of Data (Navigation) IODN
- Correction to system time
- Transmission time of message

10.3 New observables for RINEX met files

Wind speed (ms), wind direction (from where the wind blows), and an incremental rain fall value (1/10 mm): rain accumulation since the last recording, hail indicator

REFERENCES

Evans, A. (1989): "Summary of the Workshop on GPS Exchange Formats." Proceedings of the Fifth International Geodetic Symposium on Satellite Systems, pp. 917ff, Las Cruces.

Gurtner, W., G. Mader, D. Arthur (1989): "A Common Exchange Format for GPS Data." CSTG GPS Bulletin Vol.2 No.3, May/June 1989, National Geodetic Survey, Rockville.

Gurtner, W., G. Mader (1990): "The RINEX Format: Current Status, Future Developments." Proceedings of the Second International Symposium of Precise Positioning with the Global Positioning system, pp. 977ff, Ottawa.

Gurtner, W., G. Mader (1990): "Receiver Independent Exchange Format Version 2." CSTG GPS Bulletin Vol.3 No.3, Sept/Oct 1990, National Geodetic Survey, Rockville.

Gurtner, W. (1994): "RINEX: The Receiver-Independent Exchange Format." GPS World, Volume 5, Number 7, July 1994.

Gurtner, W. (2002): "RINEX: The Receiver Independent Exchange Format Version 2.10". <ftp://igsb.jpl.nasa.gov/igsb/data/format/rinex210.txt>

Ray, J., W. Gurtner (1999): "RINEX Extensions to Handle Clock Information". ftp://igsb.jpl.nasa.gov/igsb/data/format/rinex_clock.txt

Suard, N., W. Gurtner, L. Estey (2004): "Proposal for a new RINEX-type Exchange File for GEO SBAS Broadcast Data". ftp://igsb.jpl.nasa.gov/igsb/data/format/geo_sbas.txt

Document RTCA DO 229, Appendix A

APPENDIX: RINEX VERSION 2.11 FORMAT DEFINITIONS AND EXAMPLES

TABLE A1	
CNSC OBSERVATION DATA FILE	HEADER SECTION DESCRIPTION

GNSS OBSERVATION DATA FILE - HEADER SECTION DESCRIPTION

HEADER LABEL (Columns 61-80)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
RINEX VERSION / TYPE	- Format version (2.11) - File type ('O' for Observation Data) - Satellite System: blank or 'G': GPS 'R': GLONASS 'S': Geostationary signal payload 'E': Galileo 'M': Mixed	F9.2,11X, A1,19X, A1,19X
PGM / RUN BY / DATE	- Name of program creating current file - Name of agency creating current file - Date of file creation	A20, A20, A20
* COMMENT	Comment line(s)	A60
MARKER NAME	Name of antenna marker	A60
* MARKER NUMBER	Number of antenna marker	A20
OBSERVER / AGENCY	Name of observer / agency	A20,A40
REC # / TYPE / VERS	Receiver number, type, and version (Version: e.g. Internal Software Version)	3A20
ANT # / TYPE	Antenna number and type	2A20
APPROX POSITION XYZ	Approximate marker position (WGS84)	3F14.4
ANTENNA: DELTA H/E/N	- Antenna height: Height of bottom surface of antenna above marker - Eccentricities of antenna center relative to marker to the east and north (all units in meters)	3F14.4
* WAVELENGTH FACT L1/2	- Default wavelength factors for L1 and L2 (GPS only) 1: Full cycle ambiguities 2: Half cycle ambiguities (squaring) 0 (in L2): Single frequency instrument - zero or blank The wavelength factor record is optional for GPS and obsolete for other systems. Wavelength factors default to 1. If the record exists it must precede any satellite-specific records (see below).	2I6, I6
* WAVELENGTH FACT L1/2	- Wavelength factors for L1 and L2 (GPS) 1: Full cycle ambiguities 2: Half cycle ambiguities (squaring) 0 (in L2): Single frequency instrument - Number of satellites to follow in list for which these factors are valid. - List of PRNs (satellite numbers with system identifier) These optional satellite specific lines may follow, if they identify a state different from the default values. Repeat record if necessary.	2I6, I6, 7(3X,A1,I2)
# / TYPES OF OBSERV	Number of different observation types	I6

# / TYPES OF OBSERV	<p>- Number of different observation types stored in the file 10,</p> <p>- Observation types</p> <p>- Observation code 9(4X,A1,</p> <p>- Frequency code A1)</p> <p>If more than 9 observation types: Use continuation line(s) (including the header label in cols. 61-80!) 6X,9(4X,2A1)</p> <p>The following observation types are defined in RINEX Version 2.11:</p> <p>Observation code (use uppercase only): C: Pseudorange GPS: C/A, L2C Glonass: C/A Galileo: All P: Pseudorange GPS and Glonass: P code L: Carrier phase D: Doppler frequency S: Raw signal strengths or SNR values as given by the receiver for the respective phase observations</p> <p>Frequency code</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>GPS</th> <th>Glonass</th> <th>Galileo</th> <th>SBAS</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1:</td> <td>L1</td> <td>G1</td> <td>E2-L1-E1</td> <td>L1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2:</td> <td>L2</td> <td>G2</td> <td>--</td> <td>--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5:</td> <td>L5</td> <td>--</td> <td>E5a</td> <td>L5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6:</td> <td>--</td> <td>--</td> <td>E6</td> <td>--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7:</td> <td>--</td> <td>--</td> <td>E5b</td> <td>--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8:</td> <td>--</td> <td>--</td> <td>E5a+b</td> <td>--</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Observations collected under Antispoofing are converted to "L2" or "P2" and flagged with bit 2 of loss of lock indicator (see Table A2).</p> <p>Units : Phase : full cycles Pseudorange : meters Doppler : Hz SNR etc : receiver-dependent</p> <p>The sequence of the types in this record has to correspond to the sequence of the observations in the observation records</p>		GPS	Glonass	Galileo	SBAS	1:	L1	G1	E2-L1-E1	L1	2:	L2	G2	--	--	5:	L5	--	E5a	L5	6:	--	--	E6	--	7:	--	--	E5b	--	8:	--	--	E5a+b	--	
	GPS	Glonass	Galileo	SBAS																																	
1:	L1	G1	E2-L1-E1	L1																																	
2:	L2	G2	--	--																																	
5:	L5	--	E5a	L5																																	
6:	--	--	E6	--																																	
7:	--	--	E5b	--																																	
8:	--	--	E5a+b	--																																	
* INTERVAL	Observation interval in seconds	F10.3	*																																		
TIME OF FIRST OBS	<p>- Time of first observation record (4-digit-year, month,day,hour,min,sec)</p> <p>- Time system: GPS (=GPS time system) GLO (=UTC time system) GAL (=Galileo System Time)</p> <p>Compulsory in mixed GPS/GLONASS files Defaults: GPS for pure GPS files GLO for pure GLONASS files GAL for pure Galileo files</p>	5I6,F13.7, 5X,A3																																			
* TIME OF LAST OBS	<p>- Time of last observation record (4-digit-year, month,day,hour,min,sec)</p> <p>- Time system: Same value as in TIME OF FIRST OBS record</p>	5I6,F13.7, 5X,A3	*																																		
* RCV CLOCK OFFS APPL	Epoch, code, and phase are corrected by applying the realtime-derived receiver clock offset: 1=yes, 0=no; default: 0=no Record required if clock offsets are	I6	*																																		

	reported in the EPOCH/SAT records	
* LEAP SECONDS	Number of leap seconds since 6-Jan-1980 Recommended for mixed files	I6
* # OF SATELLITES	Number of satellites, for which observations are stored in the file	I6
* PRN / # OF OBS	PRN (sat.number), number of observations for each observation type indicated in the "# / TYPES OF OBSERV" - record. If more than 9 observation types: Use continuation line(s) including the header label in cols. 61-80! This record is (these records are) repeated for each satellite present in the data file	3X,A1,I2,9I6 6X,9I6
END OF HEADER	Last record in the header section.	60X

Records marked with * are optional

TABLE A2
GNSS OBSERVATION DATA FILE - DATA RECORD DESCRIPTION

OBS. RECORD	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
EPOCH/SAT or EVENT FLAG	- Epoch : - year (2 digits, padded with 0 if necessary) - month,day,hour,min, - sec	1X,I2.2, 4(1X,I2), F11.7,
	- Epoch flag 0: OK 1: power failure between previous and current epoch >1: Event flag	2X,I1,
	- Number of satellites in current epoch	I3,
	- List of PRNs (sat.numbers with system identifier, see 5.1) in current epoch	12(A1,I2),
	- receiver clock offset (seconds, optional)	F12.9
	If more than 12 satellites: Use continuation line(s)	32X, 12(A1,I2)
	If epoch flag 2-5:	
	- Event flag: 2: start moving antenna 3: new site occupation (end of kinem. data) (at least MARKER NAME record follows) 4: header information follows 5: external event (epoch is significant, same time frame as observation time tags)	[2X,I1,]
	- "Number of satellites" contains number of special records to follow. Maximum number of records: 999	[I3]
	- For events without significant epoch the epoch fields can be left blank	
	If epoch flag = 6:	

6: cycle slip records follow to optionally report detected and repaired cycle slips (same format as OBSERVATIONS records; slip instead of observation; LLI and signal strength blank or zero)

OBSERVATIONS	- Observation	rep. within record for	m(F14.3,
	- LLI	each obs.type (same seq	I1,
	- Signal strength	as given in header)	I1)

If more than 5 observation types (=80 char): continue observations in next record.

This record is (these records are) repeated for each satellite given in EPOCH/SAT - record.

Observations:

Phase : Units in whole cycles of carrier
Code : Units in meters

Missing observations are written as 0.0 or blanks.

Phase values overflowing the fixed format F14.3 have to be clipped into the valid interval (e.g. add or subtract 10**9), set LLI indicator.

Loss of lock indicator (LLI). Range: 0-7

0 or blank: OK or not known

Bit 0 set : Lost lock between previous and current observation: cycle slip possible

Bit 1 set : Opposite wavelength factor to the one defined for the satellite by a previous WAVELENGTH FACT L1/2 line or opposite to the default.
Valid for the current epoch only.

Bit 2 set : Observation under Antispoofing (may suffer from increased noise)

Bits 0 and 1 for phase only.

Signal strength projected into interval 1-9:

1: minimum possible signal strength

5: threshold for good S/N ratio

9: maximum possible signal strength

0 or blank: not known, don't care

TABLE A3
GPS NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - HEADER SECTION DESCRIPTION

HEADER LABEL (Columns 61-80)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
RINEX VERSION / TYPE	- Format version (2.11) - File type ('N' for Navigation data)	F9.2,11X, A1,19X
PGM / RUN BY / DATE	- Name of program creating current file - Name of agency creating current file - Date of file creation	A20, A20, A20
* COMMENT	Comment line(s)	A60 *
* ION ALPHA	Ionosphere parameters A0-A3 of almanac (page 18 of subframe 4)	2X,4D12.4 *

* ION BETA	Ionosphere parameters B0-B3 of almanac	2X,4D12.4	*
* DELTA-UTC: A0,A1,T,W	Almanac parameters to compute time in UTC (page 18 of subframe 4) A0,A1: terms of polynomial T : reference time for UTC data W : UTC reference week number. Continuous number, not mod(1024)!	3X,2D19.12, 2I9 *)	*
* LEAP SECONDS	Delta time due to leap seconds	I6	*
END OF HEADER	Last record in the header section.	60X	

Records marked with * are optional

TABLE A4
GPS NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - DATA RECORD DESCRIPTION

OBS. RECORD	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
PRN / EPOCH / SV CLK	- Satellite PRN number - Epoch: Toc - Time of Clock year (2 digits, padded with 0 if necessary) month day hour minute second - SV clock bias (seconds) - SV clock drift (sec/sec) - SV clock drift rate (sec/sec2)	I2, 1X,I2.2, 1X,I2, 1X,I2, 1X,I2, 1X,I2, F5.1, 3D19.12 *)
BROADCAST ORBIT - 1	- IODE Issue of Data, Ephemeris - Crs (meters) - Delta n (radians/sec) - M0 (radians)	3X,4D19.12
BROADCAST ORBIT - 2	- Cuc (radians) - e Eccentricity - Cus (radians) - sqrt(A) (sqrt(m))	3X,4D19.12
BROADCAST ORBIT - 3	- Toe Time of Ephemeris (sec of GPS week) - Cic (radians) - OMEGA (radians) - CIS (radians)	3X,4D19.12
BROADCAST ORBIT - 4	- i0 (radians) - Crs (meters) - omega (radians) - OMEGA DOT (radians/sec)	3X,4D19.12
BROADCAST ORBIT - 5	- IDOT (radians/sec) - Codes on L2 channel - GPS Week # (to go with TOE) Continuous number, not mod(1024)! - L2 P data flag	3X,4D19.12
BROADCAST ORBIT - 6	- SV accuracy (meters) - SV health (bits 17-22 w 3 sf 1) - TGD (seconds)	3X,4D19.12

	- IODC Issue of Data, Clock	
BROADCAST ORBIT - 7	- Transmission time of message **) (sec of GPS week, derived e.g. from Z-count in Hand Over Word (HOW)) - Fit interval (hours) (see ICD-GPS-200, 20.3.4.4) Zero if not known - spare - spare	3X,4D19.12

**) Adjust the Transmission time of message by -604800 to refer to the reported week, if necessary.

*) In order to account for the various compilers, E,e,D, and d are allowed letters between the fraction and exponent of all floating point numbers in the navigation message files.
Zero-padded two-digit exponents are required, however.

TABLE A5
METEOROLOGICAL DATA FILE - HEADER SECTION DESCRIPTION

HEADER LABEL (Columns 61-80)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
RINEX VERSION / TYPE	- Format version (2.11) - File type ('M' for Meteorological Data)	F9.2,11X, A1,39X
PGM / RUN BY / DATE	- Name of program creating current file - Name of agency creating current file - Date of file creation	A20, A20, A20
* COMMENT	Comment line(s)	A60 *
MARKER NAME	Station Name (preferably identical to MARKER NAME in the associated Observation File)	A60
* MARKER NUMBER	Station Number (preferably identical to MARKER NUMBER in the associated Observation File)	A20 *
# / TYPES OF OBSERV	- Number of different observation types stored in the file - Observation types The following meteorological observation types are defined in RINEX Version 2: PR : Pressure (mbar) TD : Dry temperature (deg Celsius) HR : Relative humidity (percent) ZW : Wet zenith path delay (mm) (for WVR data) ZD : Dry component of zenith path delay (mm) ZT : Total zenith path delay (mm) WD : Wind azimuth (deg) from where the wind blows WS : Wind speed (m/s) RI : "Rain increment" (1/10 mm): Rain accumulation since last measurement HI : Hail indicator: 1 = Hail detected since last measurement	I6, 9(4X,A2)

	<p>The sequence of the types in this record must correspond to the sequence of the measurements in the data records</p> <p>If more than 9 observation types are being used, use continuation lines including header label in cols. 61-80!</p>	6X,9(4X,A2)
SENSOR MOD/TYP/ACC	<p>Description of the met sensor</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Model (manufacturer) - Type - Accuracy (same units as obs values) - Observation type <p>Record is repeated for each observation type found in # / TYPES OF OBSERV record</p>	A20, A20,6X, F7.1,4X, A2,1X
SENSOR POS XYZ/H	<p>Approximate position of the met sensor</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Geocentric coordinates X,Y,Z (ITRF or WGS-84) - Ellipsoidal height H - Observation type <p>Set X,Y,Z to zero if not known. Make sure H refers to ITRF or WGS-84! Record required for barometer, recommended for other sensors.</p>	3F14.4, 1F14.4, 1X,A2,1X
END OF HEADER	Last record in the header section.	60X

Records marked with * are optional

TABLE A6 METEOROLOGICAL DATA FILE - DATA RECORD DESCRIPTION		
OBS. RECORD	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
EPOCH / MET	<p>- Epoch in GPS time (not local time!) year (2 digits, padded with 0 if necessary) month,day,hour,min,sec</p> <p>The 2-digit years in RINEX Version 1 and 2.xx files are understood to represent 80-99: 1980-1999 and 00-79: 2000-2079</p> <p>- Met data in the same sequence as given in the header</p> <p>More than 8 met data types: Use continuation lines</p>	<p>1X,I2.2, 5(1X,I2),</p> <p>mF7.1</p> <p>4X,10F7.1,3X</p>

TABLE A7
GPS OBSERVATION DATA FILE - EXAMPLE

```

----|---1|0---|---2|0---|---3|0---|---4|0---|---5|0---|---6|0---|---7|0---|---8|
2.11      OBSERVATION DATA      M (MIXED)      RINEX VERSION / TYPE
BLANK OR G = GPS, R = GLONASS, E = GALILEO, M = MIXED COMMENT
XXRINEXO V9.9      AIUB      24-MAR-01 14:43      PGM / RUN BY / DATE
EXAMPLE OF A MIXED RINEX FILE (NO FEATURES OF V 2.11) COMMENT
A 9080      MARKER NAME
    
```

```

9080.1.34
BILL SMITH          ABC INSTITUTE
X1234A123          XX              ZZZ
234                YY
  4375274.         587466.         4589095.
    .9030          .0000          .0000
      1            1
      1            2            6      G14      G15      G16      G17      G18      G19
      0
      5            P1      L1      L2      P2      L5
    18.000
    2005           3      24      13      10      36.0000000

```

```

MARKER NUMBER
OBSERVER / AGENCY
REC # / TYPE / VERS
ANT # / TYPE
APPROX POSITION XYZ
ANTENNA: DELTA H/E/N
WAVELENGTH FACT L1/2
WAVELENGTH FACT L1/2
RCV CLOCK OFFS APPL
# / TYPES OF OBSERV
INTERVAL
TIME OF FIRST OBS
END OF HEADER

```

```

05 3 24 13 10 36.0000000 0 4G12G09G06E11
23629347.915          .300 8          -.353          23629364.158
20891534.648          -.120 9          -.358          20891541.292
20607600.189          -.430 9          .394          20607605.848
          .324 8
          .178 7

```

```

05 3 24 13 10 50.0000000 4 4
  1            2            2      G 9      G12
*** WAVELENGTH FACTOR CHANGED FOR 2 SATELLITES ***
    NOW 8 SATELLITES HAVE WL FACT 1 AND 2!

```

```

- .123456789
WAVELENGTH FACT L1/2
COMMENT
COMMENT
COMMENT

```

```

05 3 24 13 10 54.0000000 0 6G12G09G06R21R22E11
23619095.450          -53875.632 8          -41981.375          23619112.008
20886075.667          -28688.027 9          -22354.535          20886082.101
20611072.689          18247.789 9          14219.770          20611078.410
21345678.576          12345.567 5
22123456.789          23456.789 5
          65432.123 5
          48861.586 7

```

```

05 3 24 13 11 0.0000000 2 1
    *** FROM NOW ON KINEMATIC DATA! ***
05 3 24 13 11 48.0000000 0 4G16G12G09G06
21110991.756          16119.980 7          12560.510          21110998.441
23588424.398          -215050.557 6          -167571.734          23588439.570
20869878.790          -113803.187 8          -88677.926          20869884.938
20621643.727          73797.462 7          57505.177          20621649.276
          3      4

```

```

- .123456789
COMMENT
COMMENT

```

```

A 9080
9080.1.34
    .9030          .0000          .0000
    --> THIS IS THE START OF A NEW SITE <--
05 3 24 13 12 6.0000000 0 4G16G12G06G09
21112589.384          24515.877 6          19102.763 3          21112596.187
23578228.338          -268624.234 7          -209317.284 4          23578244.398
20625218.088          92581.207 7          72141.846 4          20625223.795
20864539.693          -141858.836 8          -110539.435 5          20864545.943
05 3 24 13 13 1.2345678 5 0
          4      1
    (AN EVENT FLAG WITH SIGNIFICANT EPOCH)

```

```

MARKER NAME
MARKER NUMBER
ANTENNA: DELTA H/E/N
COMMENT

```

```

05 3 24 13 14 12.0000000 0 4G16G12G09G06
21124965.133          89551.30216          69779.62654          21124972.2754
23507272.372          -212616.150 7          -165674.789 5          23507288.421
20828010.354          -333820.093 6          -260119.395 5          20828017.129
20650944.902          227775.130 7          177487.651 4          20650950.363
          4      1
    *** ANTISPOOFING ON G 16 AND LOST LOCK

```

```

- .123456012
COMMENT
COMMENT

```

```

05 3 24 13 14 12.0000000 6 2G16G09
    123456789.0          -9876543.5
          0.0          -0.5
          4      2
    ---> CYCLE SLIPS THAT HAVE BEEN APPLIED TO
    THE OBSERVATIONS

```

```

COMMENT
COMMENT

```

```

05 3 24 13 14 48.0000000 0 4G16G12G09G06
21128884.159          110143.144 7          85825.18545          21128890.7764
23487131.045          -318463.297 7          -248152.72824          23487146.149
20817044.742          287242.571 6          201747.22825          20817051.222

```

```

- .123456234

```

20617044.773 -307242.571 0 -30177.22223 20617051.322
20658519.895 267583.67817 208507.26234 20658525.869

4 3

*** SATELLITE G 9 THIS EPOCH ON WLFACT 1 (L2) COMMENT
*** G 6 LOST LOCK AND THIS EPOCH ON WLFACT 2 (L2) COMMENT
(OPPOSITE TO PREVIOUS SETTINGS) COMMENT

----|---1|0---|---2|0---|---3|0---|---4|0---|---5|0---|---6|0---|---7|0---|---8|

-----+
| TABLE A8 |
| GPS NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - EXAMPLE |
-----+

----|---1|0---|---2|0---|---3|0---|---4|0---|---5|0---|---6|0---|---7|0---|---8|

2.11 N: GPS NAV DATA RINEX VERSION / TYPE
XXRINEXN V2.10 AIUB 3-SEP-99 15:22 PGM / RUN BY / DATE
EXAMPLE OF VERSION 2.11 FORMAT COMMENT
.1676D-07 .2235D-07 -.1192D-06 -.1192D-06 ION ALPHA
.1208D+06 .1310D+06 -.1310D+06 -.1966D+06 ION BETA
.133179128170D-06 .107469588780D-12 552960 1025 DELTA-UTC: A0,A1,T,W
13 LEAP SECONDS
END OF HEADER

6 99 9 2 17 51 44.0 -.839701388031D-03 -.165982783074D-10 .000000000000D+00
.910000000000D+02 .934062500000D+02 .116040547840D-08 .162092304801D+00
.484101474285D-05 .626740418375D-02 .652112066746D-05 .515365489006D+04
.409904000000D+06 -.242143869400D-07 .329237003460D+00 -.596046447754D-07
.111541663136D+01 .326593750000D+03 .206958726335D+01 -.638312302555D-08
.307155651409D-09 .000000000000D+00 .102500000000D+04 .000000000000D+00
.000000000000D+00 .000000000000D+00 .000000000000D+00 .910000000000D+02
.406800000000D+06 .000000000000D+00
13 99 9 2 19 0 0.0 .490025617182D-03 .204636307899D-11 .000000000000D+00
.133000000000D+03 -.963125000000D+02 .146970407622D-08 .292961152146D+01
-.498816370964D-05 .200239347760D-02 .928156077862D-05 .515328476143D+04
.414000000000D+06 -.279396772385D-07 .243031939942D+01 -.558793544769D-07
.110192796930D+01 .271187500000D+03 -.232757915425D+01 -.619632953057D-08
-.785747015231D-11 .000000000000D+00 .102500000000D+04 .000000000000D+00
.000000000000D+00 .000000000000D+00 .000000000000D+00 .389000000000D+03
.410400000000D+06 .000000000000D+00

----|---1|0---|---2|0---|---3|0---|---4|0---|---5|0---|---6|0---|---7|0---|---8|

-----+
| TABLE A9 |
| METEOROLOGICAL DATA FILE - EXAMPLE |
-----+

----|---1|0---|---2|0---|---3|0---|---4|0---|---5|0---|---6|0---|---7|0---|---8|

2.11 METEOROLOGICAL DATA RINEX VERSION / TYPE
XXRINEXM V9.9 AIUB 3-APR-96 00:10 PGM / RUN BY / DATE
EXAMPLE OF A MET DATA FILE (NO FEATURES OF V 2.11) COMMENT
A 9080 MARKER NAME
3 PR TD HR # / TYPES OF OBSERV
PAROSCIENTIFIC 740-16B 0.2 PR SENSOR MOD/TYP/ACC
HAENNI 0.1 TD SENSOR MOD/TYP/ACC
ROTRONIC I-240W 5.0 HR SENSOR MOD/TYP/ACC
0.0 0.0 0.0 1234.5678 PR SENSOR POS XYZ/H
END OF HEADER

96 4 1 0 0 15 987.1 10.6 89.5
96 4 1 0 0 30 987.2 10.9 90.0
96 4 1 0 0 45 987.1 11.6 89.0

----|---1|0---|---2|0---|---3|0---|---4|0---|---5|0---|---6|0---|---7|0---|---8|

TABLE A10
GLONASS NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - HEADER SECTION DESCRIPTION

HEADER LABEL (Columns 61-80)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
RINEX VERSION / TYPE	- Format version (2.11) - File type ('G' = GLONASS nav mess data)	F9.2,11X, A1,39X
PGM / RUN BY / DATE	- Name of program creating current file - Name of agency creating current file - Date of file creation (dd-mmm-yy hh:mm)	A20, A20, A20
* COMMENT	Comment line(s)	A60
* CORR TO SYSTEM TIME	- Time of reference for system time corr (year, month, day) - Correction to system time scale (sec) to correct GLONASS system time to UTC(SU) (-TauC)	3I6, 3X,D19.12 *)
* LEAP SECONDS	Number of leap seconds since 6-Jan-1980	I6
END OF HEADER	Last record in the header section.	60X

Records marked with * are optional

TABLE A11
GLONASS NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - DATA RECORD DESCRIPTION

OBS. RECORD	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
PRN / EPOCH / SV CLK	- Satellite number: Slot number in sat. constellation - Epoch of ephemerides (UTC) - year (2 digits, padded with 0, if necessary) - month, day, hour, minute, - second - SV clock bias (sec) (-TauN) - SV relative frequency bias (+GammaN) - message frame time (tk) (0 .le. tk .lt. 86400 sec of day UTC) The 2-digit years in RINEX 1 and 2.xx files are understood to represent 80-99: 1980-1999 and 00-79: 2000-2079	I2, 1X,I2.2, 4(1X,I2), F5.1, D19.12, D19.12, D19.12 *)
BROADCAST ORBIT - 1	- Satellite position X (km) - velocity X dot (km/sec) - X acceleration (km/sec ²) - health (0=OK) (Bn)	3X,4D19.12
BROADCAST ORBIT - 2	- Satellite position Y (km) - velocity Y dot (km/sec) - Y acceleration (km/sec ²) - frequency number (-7 ... +13)	3X,4D19.12
BROADCAST ORBIT - 3	- Satellite position Z (km) - velocity Z dot (km/sec)	3X,4D19.12

- Z acceleration (km/sec2)
- Age of oper. information (days) (E)

*) In order to account for the various compilers, E,e,D, and d are allowed letters between the fraction and exponent of all floating point numbers in the navigation message files. Zero-padded two-digit exponents are required, however.

TABLE A12
GLONASS NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - EXAMPLE

2.11 GLONASS NAV DATA RINEX VERSION / TYPE
ASRINEXG V1.1.0 VM AIUB 19-FEB-98 10:42 PGM / RUN BY / DATE
STATION ZIMMERWALD COMMENT
1998 2 16 0.379979610443D-06 CORR TO SYSTEM TIME
END OF HEADER
3 98 2 15 0 15 0.0 0.163525342941D-03 0.363797880709D-11 0.108000000000D+05
0.106275903320D+05-0.348924636841D+00 0.931322574615D-09 0.000000000000D+00
-0.944422070313D+04 0.288163375854D+01 0.931322574615D-09 0.210000000000D+02
0.212257280273D+05 0.144599342346D+01-0.186264514923D-08 0.300000000000D+01
4 98 2 15 0 15 0.0 0.179599039257D-03 0.636646291241D-11 0.122400000000D+05
0.562136621094D+04-0.289074897766D+00-0.931322574615D-09 0.000000000000D+00
-0.236819248047D+05 0.102263259888D+01 0.931322574615D-09 0.120000000000D+02
0.762532910156D+04 0.339257907867D+01 0.000000000000D+00 0.300000000000D+01
11 98 2 15 0 15 0.0-0.559808686376D-04-0.272848410532D-11 0.108600000000D+05
-0.350348437500D+04-0.255325126648D+01 0.931322574615D-09 0.000000000000D+00
0.106803754883D+05-0.182923507690D+01 0.000000000000D+00 0.400000000000D+01
0.228762856445D+05 0.447064399719D+00-0.186264514923D-08 0.300000000000D+01
12 98 2 15 0 15 0.0 0.199414789677D-04-0.181898940355D-11 0.108900000000D+05
0.131731816406D+05-0.143945598602D+01 0.372529029846D-08 0.000000000000D+00
0.171148715820D+05-0.118937969208D+01 0.931322574615D-09 0.220000000000D+02
0.135737919922D+05 0.288976097107D+01-0.931322574615D-09 0.300000000000D+01

TABLE A13
GLONASS OBSERVATION FILE - EXAMPLE

2.11 OBSERVATION DATA R (GLONASS) RINEX VERSION / TYPE
XXRINEXO V1.1 AIUB 27-AUG-93 07:23 PGM / RUN BY / DATE
TST1 MARKER NAME
VIEWEG BRAUNSCHWEIG OBSERVER / AGENCY
100 XX-RECEIVER 1.0 REC # / TYPE / VERS
101 XX-ANTENNA ANT # / TYPE
3844808.114 715426.767 5021804.854 APPROX POSITION XYZ
1.2340 .0000 .0000 ANTENNA: DELTA H/E/N
1 1 WAVELENGTH FACT L1/2
2 C1 L1 # / TYPES OF OBSERV
10.000 INTERVAL
1993 8 23 14 24 40.0490000 GLO TIME OF FIRST OBS
END OF HEADER
93 8 23 14 24 40.0490000 0 3 2R01R21
23986839.824 20520.565 5
23707804.625 19937.231 5
23834065.096 -9334.581 5


```

-----
23397403.484 -285457101.34211
00 2 6 11 53 10.0000000 0 14G23G07G02G05G26G09G21R20R19R12R02R11
      R10R03
22578985.016 -11244012.910 2
22359738.890 -16227337.841 2
24490324.818 14691368.710 2
21944376.706 -13817012.849 2
22512598.731 9873887.580 2
20147322.111 -20996416.338 4
22798942.949 -16657163.594 2
19812513.509 -25110234.795 3
23053885.702 -3227854.397 2
22770607.029 -821898566.774 1
22222967.297 -988079145.989 2
19297913.736 -83298710.38413
20313087.618 -672647337.04113
23392352.454 -285484291.40311

```

```

----|----1|0----|----2|0----|----3|0----|----4|0----|----5|0----|----6|0----|----7|0----|----8|

```

TABLE A15 GEOSTATIONARY NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - HEADER SECTION DESCRIPTION			
HEADER LABEL (Columns 61-80)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT	
RINEX VERSION / TYPE	- Format version (2.11) - File type ('H' = GEO nav mess data)	F9.2,11X, A1,39X	
PGM / RUN BY / DATE	- Name of program creating current file - Name of agency creating current file - Date of file creation (dd-mmm-yy hh:mm)	A20, A20, A20	
* COMMENT	Comment line(s)	A60	*
* CORR TO SYSTEM TIME	- Time of reference for system time corr (year, month, day) - Correction to transform the GEO system time to UTC	3I6, 3X,D19.12 *)	*
* D-UTC A0,A1,T,W,S,U	Corrections to transform the system time to UTC A0,A1 Coefficients of 1-deg polynomial A0 sec, A1 sec/sec CORR(s) = A0 + A1*DELTAT T Reference time for polynomial (Seconds into GPS week) W Reference week number (GPS week, continuous number) S EGNOS, WAAS, or MSAS ... (left-justified) Derived from MT17 service provider. If not known: Use Snn with nn = PRN-100 of satellite broadcasting the MT12 U UTC Identifier (0 if unknown) 1=UTC(NIST), 2=UTC(USNO), 3=UTC(SU), 4=UTC(BIPM), 5=UTC(Europe Lab), 6=UTC(CRL), >6 = reserved for future Omit record if corrections not provided. Replaces CORR TO SYSTEM TIME !	2D19.12, I7, I5, X,A5,X I2,2X	*
* LEAP SECONDS	Number of leap seconds since 6-Jan-1980	I6	*

END OF HEADER	Last record in the header section.	60X
---------------	------------------------------------	-----

Records marked with * are optional

TABLE A16 GEOSTATIONARY NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - DATA RECORD DESCRIPTION		
OBS. RECORD	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
PRN / EPOCH / SV CLK	- Satellite number (PRN - 100) - Epoch of ephemerides (GPS) (Toe) - year (2 digits, padded with 0 if necessary) - month, day, hour, minute, - second - SV clock bias (sec) (aGf0) - SV relative frequency bias (aGf1) - Transmission time of message (start of the message) in GPS seconds of the week	I2, 1X, I2.2, 4(1X, I2), F5.1, D19.12, D19.12, D19.12
BROADCAST ORBIT - 1	- Satellite position X (km) - velocity X dot (km/sec) - X acceleration (km/sec2) - health (0=OK)	3X, 4D19.12 *)
BROADCAST ORBIT - 2	- Satellite position Y (km) - velocity Y dot (km/sec) - Y acceleration (km/sec2) - Accuracy code (URA, meters)	3X, 4D19.12
BROADCAST ORBIT - 3	- Satellite position Z (km) - velocity Z dot (km/sec) - Z acceleration (km/sec2) - IODN (Issue of Data Navigation, DO229, 8 first bits after Message Type if MT9)	3X, 4D19.12

*) In order to account for the various compilers, E, e, D, and d are allowed letters between the fraction and exponent of all floating point numbers in the navigation message files.
Zero-padded two-digit exponents are required, however.

TABLE A17
MIXED GPS/GEO OBSERVATION FILE - EXAMPLE

```

----|---1|0---|---2|0---|---3|0---|---4|0---|---5|0---|---6|0---|---7|0---|---8|
2.11      OBSERVATION DATA      M (MIXED)      RINEX VERSION / TYPE
RinExp V.2.0.2  TESTUSER          00-02-04 09:30  PGM / RUN BY / DATE
                                           COMMENT
The file contains L1 pseudorange and phase data of the  COMMENT
geostationary AOR-E satellite (PRN 120 = S20)          COMMENT
                                           COMMENT
TLSE D                                           MARKER NAME
ESTB      TESTAGENCY                    OBSERVER / AGENCY
SGL98030069  Novatel Millennium HW3-1 SW 4.45/2.3  REC # / TYPE / VERS
                                           ANT # / TYPE
4600005 0750  112100 1700  1271010 1100  ADDRESS POSITION VE

```

```

4629563.0750 112100.1790 4371619.4100
0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
1 1
4 C1 L1 L2 P2
1
2000 1 13 14 45 0.000000 GPS
2000 1 13 15 0 0.000000 GPS
0

```

```

APPROX POSITION AIZ
ANTENNA: DELTA H/E/N
WAVELENGTH FACT L1/2
# / TYPES OF OBSERV
INTERVAL
TIME OF FIRST OBS
TIME OF LAST OBS
RCV CLOCK OFFS APPL
END OF HEADER

```

```

00 01 13 14 45 0.000000 0 8G25G17G06G05G24G29G30S20 0.000535140
21839900.207 -236148.877 9 -184047.71049 21839901.4384
25151926.413 -161002.900 9 -125509.72447 25151935.8274
20531103.515 763336.059 9 594797.53149 20531105.0114
23001624.801 -432989.642 9 -337436.50348 23001628.1684
23610349.510 -384890.728 9 -299952.38848 23610354.3504
23954474.398 -151982.173 9 -118480.96847 23954481.1994
20622367.016 -332628.466 9 -259214.55249 20622367.8754
38137559.506 335849.135 9
00 01 13 14 45 1.000000 0 8G25G17G06G05G24G29G30S20 0.000535144
21839500.278 -238250.743 9 -185685.52549 21839501.4814
25151246.148 -164576.503 9 -128294.33947 25151256.2614
20531084.382 763235.849 9 594719.44849 20531085.8784
23002123.430 -430369.237 9 -335394.62748 23002126.7114
23610670.127 -383205.864 9 -298639.51048 23610674.9834
23955051.773 -148948.417 9 -116117.00748 23955058.5034
20622558.579 -331621.765 9 -258430.11049 20622559.4574
38137558.783 335846.284 9
00 01 13 14 45 2.000000 0 8G25G17G06G05G24G29G30S20 0.000535144
21839100.418 -240352.173 9 -187323.00449 21839101.6534
25150565.890 -168150.148 9 -131078.97647 25150576.2144
20531065.378 763136.116 9 594641.73549 20531066.8984
23002622.082 -427748.683 9 -333352.63648 23002625.3444
23610990.819 -381520.461 9 -297326.20848 23610995.8424
23955629.062 -145914.531 9 -113752.94748 23955636.5544
20622750.161 -330614.723 9 -257645.40149 20622751.0554
38137558.365 335843.457 9

```

```

----|---1|0---|---2|0---|---3|0---|---4|0---|---5|0---|---6|0---|---7|0---|---8|

```

```

+-----+
|                                     |
|               TABLE A18           |
|               GEO NAVIGATION MESSAGE FILE - EXAMPLE                       |
|                                     |
+-----+

```

```

----|---1|0---|---2|0---|---3|0---|---4|0---|---5|0---|---6|0---|---7|0---|---8|

```

```

2.11 H: GEO NAV MSG DATA RINEX VERSION / TYPE
SBAS2RINEX 2.0 CNES 20-Oct-03 14:01 PGM / RUN BY / DATE
0.133179128170D-06-0.107469588780D-12 518400 1240 EGNOS 5 D-UTC A0,A1,T,W,S,U
13 LEAP SECONDS
This file contains navigation message data from a SBAS COMMENT
(geostationary) satellite, here AOR-W (PRN 122 = # 22) COMMENT
END OF HEADER

```

```

22 03 10 18 0 1 4.0-1.005828380585D-07 6.366462912410D-12 5.184420000000D+05
2.482832392000D+04-3.593750000000D-04-1.375000000000D-07 0.000000000000D+00
-3.408920872000D+04-1.480625000000D-03-5.000000000000D-08 4.000000000000D+00
-1.650560000000D+01 8.360000000000D-04 6.250000000000D-08 2.300000000000D+01
22 03 10 18 0 5 20.0-9.872019290924D-08 5.456968210638D-12 5.186940000000D+05
2.482822744000D+04-3.962500000000D-04-1.375000000000D-07 0.000000000000D+00
-3.408958936000D+04-1.492500000000D-03-5.000000000000D-08 4.000000000000D+00
-1.628960000000D+01 8.520000000000D-04 6.250000000000D-08 2.400000000000D+01
22 03 10 18 0 9 36.0-9.732320904732D-08 4.547473508865D-12 5.189510000000D+05
2.482812152000D+04-4.325000000000D-04-1.375000000000D-07 0.000000000000D+00
-3.408997304000D+04-1.505000000000D-03-5.000000000000D-08 4.000000000000D+00
-1.606960000000D+01 8.800000000000D-04 6.250000000000D-08 2.500000000000D+01
22 03 10 18 0 13 52.0-9.592622518539D-08 4.547473508865D-12 5.192110000000D+05
2.482800632000D+04-4.681250000000D-04-1.375000000000D-07 0.000000000000D+00
-3.409035992000D+04-1.518125000000D-03-3.750000000000D-08 4.000000000000D+00

```

-1.584240000000D+01 8.960000000000D-04 6.250000000000D-08 2.600000000000D+01

----|---1|0---|---2|0---|---3|0---|---4|0---|---5|0---|---6|0---|---7|0---|---8|